



Ten Tips for an Engaging Presentation

1. Use enticing **visuals**

- a. Pick colors that coordinate
- b. Select fonts that are easy-to-read and large enough
- c. If you go for funny visuals to lighten the mood, pick relevant ones

2. Provide a **roadmap**

- a. Tell your audience what your presentation will do at the beginning
 - i. Provide a breakdown of the topics you'll cover and in what order

3. Speak slowly and **enunciate**; don't mumble

- a. Make it easy for your listeners to hear you. It helps them follow along and keeps their attention

4. Consider **accessibility**

- a. Pick an easy-to-read, dyslexia-friendly font
- b. Include captions if it's a recorded presentation
- c. Provide handouts in PDF and Word formats if presenting online; print out handouts of slides if presenting in-person

5. Respect **copyright laws**

- a. Pick images that are in the creative commons and not copyrighted
- b. Cite your sources
- c. Include a resources page (you can also handout a copy of your cited sources to your peers and professor)

6. Use the **physical space wisely**

- a. Make eye contact, looking up from your notes or away from your slides from time to time
- b. Walk around to keep from fidgeting
- c. Use gestures to point to your slides, notes, handouts, etc. to catch the attention of your listeners

7. Emulate other successful speakers by using powerful words with clear meanings

- a. This method will catch your listeners' attention while also emphasizing your important points
 - i. The information you present will stick with them
- b. Words and phrases to consider using:
 - i. "Important"
 - ii. "Key concepts"
 - iii. Number or organize your concepts: "Firstly," "secondly," "thirdly;" "additionally," "moreover," "furthermore"

8. Proofread your presentation

- a. It hurts your credibility and your connection to your audience if there are misspellings or extra text boxes that interrupt your presentation
 - i. Run spell check on Word instead of Google Docs; it catches more errors and explains them
 - ii. Take your presentation to the writing center to have them catch these mistakes

9. Practice more than once before presenting

- a. Just like you have to practice for theatrical, musical, or other performances, you have to practice for presentations
- b. Come to the WC | TS and have a Student Success or Writing Center tutor run through your presentation with you

10. Respect the time allotted

- a. Leave time for questions from your audience/ professor
- b. Don't go over the time your professor has assigned: it shows you did not practice and looks inconsiderate
- c. Don't go drastically under the time your professor has assigned: it shows you weren't prepared and makes you appear uninformed

Additional Resources:

- The Writing Center | Tutoring Services [website](#)
- How to Practice for an Important Presentation [article](#)
- How to Give a Great Presentation [article](#)