Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Hazard Assessment Certificate Instructions

Based on the hierarchy of controls, PPE is a last resort. Personal protective equipment alone should **not** be relied upon to provide protection against hazards but should be used in conjunction with engineering controls, administrative controls, and procedural controls.

This document addresses eye, face, head, hand, foot, torso, respiratory, noise, and fall protection. It will serve as the Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Certification document required to satisfy the federal requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Standard, 29 CFR 1910.132 Subpart I- Personal Protective Equipment.

General Guidelines

The PPE Hazard Assessment can be conducted for an area, a job category or for an individual by selecting and filling in the appropriate box. The assigned evaluator shall include their name, department being assessed, and the date. Completed assessments must be accessible to employees and inspectors and updated when needed.

PPE HAZARD ASSESSMENT INSTRUCTIONS

STEP 1: INFORM AFFECTED EMPLOYEES OF THE PROCESS:

Affected employees from each work area that is being assessed should be involved in the process. Discuss the reasons for the survey and the procedures being used for the assessment. Review the job procedures, potential hazards and the PPE currently in use.

Step 2: Review data:

Reports of work-related injuries or illnesses, near-miss events and reported safety concerns are sources of data that can provide helpful information for assessing hazards.

Step 3: Conduct a walk-through survey:

The purpose of the survey is to identify sources of hazards to employees. Observe the following: layout of the workplace, location of the employees, work operations, hazards and places where PPE is currently used including the device and reason for use. Using the form, check the type of hazard(s) present within each section (organized by body part). Further descriptions can be provided in the adjacent box. Consideration should be given to the following basic hazard categories:

- 1. Impact (falling/flying objects)
- 2. Penetration (sharp objects piercing foot/hand)
- 3. Compression (roll-over or pinching objects)
- 4. Chemical exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, eye contact or injection)
- 5. Temperature extremes (heat/cold)
- 6. Dust/flying debris (grinding, chipping, sanding, etc.)
- 7. Fall (slip/trip, scaffolds, elevated work)
- 8. Radiation (non-ionizing: UV/IR/light, welding, brazing, cutting, boilers, etc.)
- 9. Noise (mechanical rooms, machines, cage washing, power tools, grounds equipment, etc.)
- 10. Electrical (shock, short circuit, arcing, static)

Step 4: Select PPE:

After considering and/or planning for other controls, select the PPE which provides at least the minimum level of protection required to protect employees from the hazards. Using the form, note the appropriate PPE in the required PPE box.

Step 5: Make Document Accessible:

Once completed, signed and dated, store the form either electronically or as a hard copy in a location easily accessible to employees and inspectors.

Step 6: Revise Protocol:

Update departmental protocols with the new or modified PPE requirements if applicable.

Step 7: Reassess the workplace as necessary by identifying and evaluating:

- 1. New equipment and processes
- 2. Accident records
- 3. Suitability of previously selected PPE

See the attached completed example of the PPE Hazard Assessment Certificate.

PPE HAZARD ASSESSMENT CERTIFICATE

	HAND HAZARDS: Hand injury can be caused by: work with chemicals or acids, exposure to cut or abrasion hazards (for example, during demolition, renovation, woodworking, or food service preparation), work with very hot or cold objects or materials, and exposure to sharps.				
	Check the appropriate box for each hazard:	Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE		
	Chemical Exposure				
	High Heat/Cold				
	UV/IR Radiation				
	Electrical Shock				
1	Puncture				
	Cuts/Abrasion				
	Other:				
	BODY HAZARDS: Injury of the body (torso, arms, or legs) can occur during: exposure to chemicals, acids, or other hazardous materials; abrasive blasting; welding, cutting, or brazing; chipping, sanding, or grinding; use of chainsaws or similar equipment; and work around electrical arcs.				
	Check the appropriate box for each hazard:	Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE		
	Chemical Exposure	Description of nazarajsti	negarea / / E		
	High Heat/Cold				
	Impact/Compression				
	Electrical Arc				
	Cuts/Abrasion				
	Other:				
S	FALL HAZARDS: Personnel may be exposed to fall hazards when performing work on a surface with an unprotected side or edge that is 4 feet or more above a lower level, or				
	Check the appropriate box for each hazard:	nay also be required when using vehicle man lifts, elevated platforms Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE		
(24)	Fall hazard	Description of nazara(s):	Required FFE		
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	NOISE HAZARDS: Personnel may be exposed to noise hazards when working in mechanical rooms; machining; grinding; sanding; cage washing; dish washing; working				
		ment, generators, chillers, motors, saws, jackhammers, or similar equ			
	Check the appropriate box for each hazard:	Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE		
	Noise hazard				
	RESPIRATORY HAZARDS: Personnel may be exposed to respiratory hazards that require the use of respirators: during emergency response, when using certain				
	chemicals outside of a chemical fume hood; when working with hazardous powders; when entering fume hood plenums, when working with animals; when applying paints or chemicals in confined spaces; when welding, cutting, or brazing on certain metals; and when disturbing asbestos, lead, silica, or other particulate hazards.				
	Check the appropriate box for each hazard:	Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE		
	Chemical exposure	Description of nazara(s).	nequired FFE		
	Particulate exposure				
	Other:				
certify that the above hazard assessment was performed to the best of my knowledge and ability, based on the hazards present on this date.					
	(signature)				

PPE HAZARD ASSESSMENT FORM

I am	■ A worksite	Specif	y location:		
reviewing	A single employee's	Name of employee:			
(check the	job description	Position Title:			
appropriate	A job description for a	Positio	on Titles:		
box):	class of employees	Location	on:		
Your Name:			Department/Division:	Date:	
	EYE HAZARDS: Tasks that can cause eye injury include: working with chemicals or acids; UV lights; chipping, sanding, or grinding; welding; furnace operations; and metal and				
	wood working. Check the appropriate box for each ha	azard:	Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE	
	Chemical Exposure		Description of nazarajs).	Required FFL	
\lesssim	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	井			
	High Heat/Cold	井			
	Dust/Flying Debris	井			
	Impact				
	UV/IR Radiation				
	Other:				
	HEAD/NECK/FACE HAZARI	DS: Tas	sks that can cause head/neck/face injury include: working below other wo	rkers who are using tools or materials that could fall, working	
			and working in trenches or confined spaces.	Dogwisad DDE	
	Check the appropriate box for each had Chemical Exposure	nzara:	Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE	
	Dust/Flying Debris	井			
		井			
	Impact	井			
	UV/IR Radiation	井			
	Electrical Shock				
	Other:				
	FOOT HAZARDS: Tasks that can cause foot injury include: exposure to chemicals or acids, welding or cutting, materials handling, renovation or construction, and electrical work.				
	Check the appropriate box for each ha	zard:	Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE	
	Chemical Exposure				
	High Heat/Cold				
	Impact/Compression				
	Electrical				
	Puncture				
	Slippery/Wet Surfaces Other:				

PPE HAZARD ASSESSMENT FORM

l am	A worksite	Speci	fy location:		
reviewing	A single employee's	Name of employee:			
(check the appropriate	iob description	Position Title:			
box):	A job description for a	Position Titles: Pharmacy Tech, all levels			
	class of employees	Locat	ion: Central Pharmacy IV Sterile Room, DHN 0-level		
Your Name: Jo			Department/Division: Central Pharmacy, IV Sterile Ro		
	EYE HAZARDS: Tasks that can cause eye injury include: working with chemicals or acids; UV lights; chipping, sanding, or grinding; welding; furnace operations; and metal and wood working.				
	Check the appropriate box for each ha		Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE	
	Chemical Exposure	<u> </u>	Exposure to hazardous and non-hazardous drugs during handling and preparation, spill clean-up. Safety hoods/glove boxes in separate clean	Safety glasses w/ side shields for non-liquids, goggles for liquids, surgical mask with shield, face shields (disposable,	
	High Heat/Cold	Ш	room used for hazardous drug preparation.	reusable). In this case, a surgical mask/face shield is	
*	Dust/Flying Debris	✓		designed to prevent exposure from splashing below eye level. A safety shield in lieu of safety eyewear may be	
	Impact			sufficient since the splash hazard is not corrosive.	
	UV/IR Radiation				
	Other:				
	HEAD/NECK/FACE HAZARDS: Tasks that can cause head/neck/face injury include: working below other workers who are using tools or materials that could fall, working				
	on energized electrical equipment or Check the appropriate box for each ha		, and working in trenches or confined spaces. Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE	
	Chemical Exposure	Zuru. ✓	Exposure to hazardous and non-hazardous drugs during handling and	Surgical mask with face shield, face shield (disposable or	
	Dust/Flying Debris	<u> </u>	preparation, spill clean-up. Safety hoods/glove boxes in separate clean	reusable). Re-use of equipment depends on departmental	
	Impact	Ħ	room used for hazardous drug preparation.	protocol.	
	UV/IR Radiation	一			
	Electrical Shock	旹			
	Other:	Ħ			
		an caus	l	l paterials handling, repoyation or construction, and electrical	
	FOOT HAZARDS: Tasks that can cause foot injury include: exposure to chemicals or acids, welding or cutting, materials handling, renovation or construction, and electrical work.				
	Check the appropriate box for each ha	zard:	Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE	
	Chemical Exposure	<u>Ш</u>			
	High Heat/Cold				
	Impact/Compression				
	Electrical				
	Puncture				
	Slippery/Wet Surfaces				
	Other:				

PPE HAZARD ASSESSMENT CERTIFICATE

		e caused by: work with chemicals or acids, exposure to cut or abrasion work with very hot or cold objects or materials, and exposure to sharps			
ľ	Check the appropriate box for each hazard:	Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE		
	Chemical Exposure	Exposure to hazardous and non-hazardous drugs during handling	Double gloving with chemo gloves for hazardous drug handling,		
	High Heat/Cold	and preparation, spill clean-up.	double gloving with approved gloves for non-hazardous drug handling.		
12	UV/IR Radiation	Punctures from syringe needles that may contain hazardous and non-hazardous drugs during preparation and handling activities			
7 5	Electrical Shock	such as: dilution/reconstitution, pulling and transferring, recapping			
	Puncture <	and removing needle from syringe for pharmacist review, recapping syringe for medication dispensing. Size of needles			
	Cuts/Abrasion	used range from 16 to 19 gauge.			
	Other:	Cuts from breaking drug containing ampules.			
	BODY HAZARDS: Injury of the body (torso, arms, or legs) can occur during: exposure to chemicals, acids, or other hazardous materials; abrasive blasting; welding, cutting, or brazing; chipping, sanding, or grinding; use of chainsaws or similar equipment; and work around electrical arcs.				
_	Check the appropriate box for each hazard:	Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE		
	Chemical Exposure ✓	Exposure to drugs during handling and preparation.	Tyvek body suits.		
	High Heat/Cold				
	Impact/Compression				
	Electrical Arc				
	Cuts/Abrasion				
	Other:				
	FALL HAZARDS: Personnel may be exposed to fall hazards when performing work on a surface with an unprotected side or edge that is 4 feet or more above a lower level, or 10 feet or more on scaffolds. Fall protection may also be required when using vehicle man lifts, elevated platforms, tree trimming, performing work on poles, roofs, or fixed ladders.				
	Check the appropriate box for each hazard:	Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE		
	Fall hazard				
	NOISE HAZARDS: Personnel may be exposed to noise hazards when working in mechanical rooms; machining; grinding; sanding; cage washing; dish washing; working				
	around pneumatic equipment, grounds equipment, grou	ipment, generators, chillers, motors, saws, jackhammers, or similar equal pescription of hazard(s):	Required PPE		
	Noise hazard	Description of nazara(s).	RequireuTTE		
	RESPIRATORY HAZARDS: Personnel may be exposed to respiratory hazards that require the use of respirators: during emergency response, when using certain chemicals outside of a chemical fume hood; when working with hazardous powders; when entering fume hood plenums, when working with animals; when applying paints or chemicals in confined spaces; when welding, cutting, or brazing on certain metals; and when disturbing asbestos, lead, silica, or other particulate hazards.				
	Check the appropriate box for each hazard:	Description of hazard(s):	Required PPE		
	Chemical exposure ✓	Spill clean up of hazardous drugs.	Powered Air Purifying Respirator (PAPR)		
	Particulate exposure	Clean up of powdered drugs.			
	Other:				
I certify that the above hazard assessment was performed to the best of my knowledge and ability, based on the hazards present on this date.					
(signature)					